

TOP SECRET

25X1

24 August 1966

25X1

Copy No. C 158



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE
RELATING TO NATIONAL SECURITY

25X1

GROUP 1
EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING
AND DECLASSIFICATION

State Dept., JCS reviews completed.
Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5

24 August 1966

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

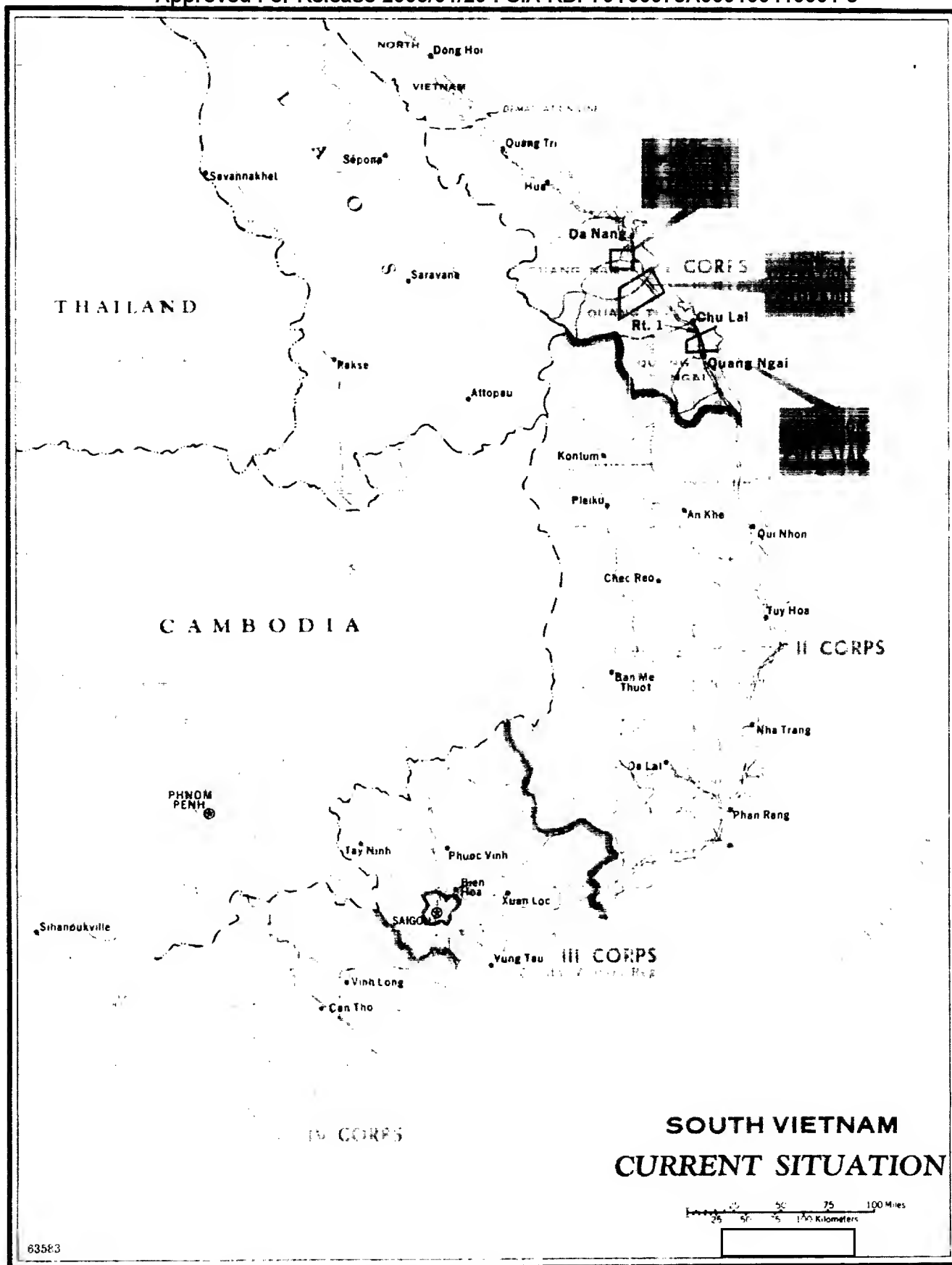
C O N T E N T S

1. Vietnam: Current situation report. (Page 1)
2. Communist China: Struggle within the party is continuing. (Page 3)

25X1

25X1

25X1



**SOUTH VIETNAM
CURRENT SITUATION**

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

24 August 1966

*Vietnam: (Information as of 4:30 AM EDT)

The Military Situation in South Vietnam: Only light combat has been reported from allied operations under way throughout the country.

Operation ALLEGHENY, a new search-and-destroy operation by a battalion of US Marines in Quang Nam Province about 15 miles southwest of Da Nang, has reported one engagement so far. A platoon of Marines searching a battalion-sized Communist base camp--containing two 60-man classrooms and 30 15-man houses--was attacked by an unknown number of Viet Cong and lost 14 wounded before the enemy was driven off by supporting aircraft. (See Map)

The three-battalion US Marine Operation COLORADO, conducted since 5 August in Quang Nam and Quang Tin provinces, ended on 22-23 August. A total of 514 Communist troops were killed and 54 captured. US casualties were 25 killed and 177 wounded, while a seven-battalion South Vietnamese force which participated in the operation for ten days lost 50 killed and 203 wounded. (See Map)

Three South Korean battalions yesterday initiated Operation POLE STAR to clear both sides of coastal Route 1 between Chu Lai and Quang Ngai town in northern Quang Ngai Province. The North Vietnamese 21st Regiment, with a strength of 2,000, is believed to be in this area. (See Map)

Political Developments in South Vietnam: Reports of Viet Cong activities aimed at disrupting the September constituent assembly election continue to be received.

(continued)

These reports, varying in reliability, range from Viet Cong anti-election propaganda in all regions of the country to the specific deployment of a well-armed enemy battalion near populated areas of Quang Nam Province. [Among alleged Viet Cong plans are the seizure of voter identity cards, assassination of candidates, sabotage of polling places, and interception of ballot boxes.]

A US consular officer in Da Nang reports that neither the urban nor rural population in his district appears noticeably affected by Communist anti-election activity to date. Communist intimidation activities seem most likely to affect the rural populace, whereas the most serious threat to a large voter turn-out in Da Nang itself probably stems from a Buddhist boycott. [redacted]

25X1

25X1

[redacted] a Buddhist boycott could restrict voting in the northern provinces to only 30 or 40 percent of the electorate. He expects the turn-out in the southern provinces to average about 50 percent of registered voters, with possibly 60 percent voting in the Saigon area.] [redacted]

25X1

25X1

25X1

24 Aug 66

2

25X1

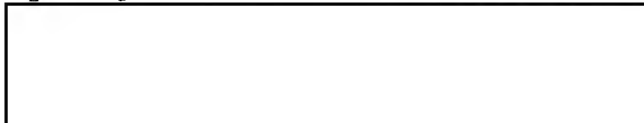
Communist China: The struggle within the Chinese Communist Party is continuing.

A People's Daily editorial on 23 August declared war on a "faction in power" which is stubbornly resisting party leadership and "taking the road of capitalism." The paper charged that unnamed members of this faction have been instigating attacks on "revolutionary students" to deflect the fire of the cultural revolution drive from themselves.

This is the first time Peking has used the term "faction" to describe Mao Tse-tung's opposition. It had been insisting that only a "small handful" of people opposed him.

People's Daily focused its attack on second-level officials--party leaders of "areas or units"--but an editorial in the equally authoritative journal Red Flag on 19 August indicated that higher officials may be involved. It demanded the dismissal "from his official posts and functions" of any person who opposes Mao, "no matter how high his position, how old his standing, and how great his 'fame.'" This is similar to statements made in early June, when the fall of senior politburo member Peng Chen was being publicized.

It is not clear whether those now in control of the party are setting the stage for public denunciation of officials already demoted or dismissed or are preparing to bring down additional high-level figures.



24 Aug 66

3

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5

Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Assistants to the President

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Administrator

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5
TOP SECRET

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A009100410001-5
TOP SECRET